



Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Grady \_\_\_\_\_

## CH. 14 WORLD WAR I STUDY GUIDE

DATE OF EXAM \_\_\_\_\_

SCORE \_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_\_

***Directions: Complete the following Study guide to use as the primary Study tool alongside your Cornell Packet and Sponge for Ch.14 Exam. Study Guide is due date of Exam.***

1. Information that is designed to influence opinion is known as \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Who led a group of Mexican Guerillas throughout the United States, and rioted in New Mexico to gain the attention of the U.S. Government?
3. German Submarines (*unterseeboots!*) were more formally referred to as \_\_\_\_\_.
4. This made any public opposition to the government or the war illegal:
5. The space between opposing trenches was also called “\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_.”
6. What agency was created to coordinate the production materials?
7. What African American unit won the French decoration, *Croix de Guerre*?

8. What was used to raise money to cover cost of war?
9. When African Americans left the South to settle in Northern cities it was called the
10. Who was the Commander of the American troops?
11. A group of Communists who gained power in Russia were called \_\_\_\_\_.
12. Define *reparations*:
13. This type of strike Involves all workers living in a certain location, not just a particular industry
14. This describes the Cost of food, clothing, shelter, and other essentials people need to survive.
15. Define *deported*:
16. One reason for the tension between the European powers was their intense pride in their homelands called \_\_\_\_\_.
17. One of the basic ideas of nationalism is the right to \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_, the idea that people belonging to a nation should have their own country and government.
18. During W.W.I, Americans decided that merchant ships and troop transports be gathered into groups, called \_\_\_\_\_, and escorted across the Atlantic by warships. If submarines wanted to attack these, they would first have to get past the warships protecting it.
19. Hoover, the head of the Food Administration, encouraged citizens to plant \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ to raise their own vegetables, leaving more for the troops.
20. What country made an offer to the Mexican government proposing that Mexico ally itself with them if the United States entered the European War?
21. A major problem in Germany's plan to invade France was that its forces first had to advance through neutral \_\_\_\_\_.

22. President Wilson used the failure of the Mexicans to apologize for arresting American sailors as an opportunity to overthrow what Mexican leader?
23. Since Germany did not want to strengthen the Allies by drawing the United States into war, it agreed with certain conditions to sink no more merchant ships in a promise called the \_\_\_\_\_ Pledge.
24. To conserve energy, what did the Fuel Administration introduce?
25. The fear of spies and emphasis on patriotism quickly led to the mistreatment and persecution of what type of Americans?
26. Under Wilson, the new form of conscription was called:
27. What was the result of the Supreme Court case *Shenck v. the United States*?
28. Who overthrew the Russian government in November of 1917 and established a Communist government there?
29. Define armistice:
30. President Wilson called for the creation of a “general association of nations” known as the \_\_\_\_\_
31. Workers wanted to raise their wages to keep up with \_\_\_\_\_, at the same time companies wanted to hold down wages because the same thing was driving up operating costs.
32. By the time war ended, workers were better organized and more capable of organizing \_\_\_\_\_ than they had been before.
33. United States Attorney General \_\_\_\_\_ established a special division within the Justice Department that eventually became the F.B.I.
34. As strikes erupted across the U.S. in 1919, the fear that Communists, or “reds” as they were called, might seize power, led to a nationwide panic known as \_\_\_\_\_
35. Who walked off the job in Boston in what was perhaps the most famous strike of 1919?

36. In addition to the soldiers returning from Europe who needed to find employment, many African Americans who had moved North were competing for jobs and housing which resulted in: \_\_\_\_\_ riots.

### DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

*Listed below are 4 discussion questions from Ch.14 Lecture  
2 of these will be on Exam*

- *What factors led to the start of World War I?*
- *What events led the U.S. declaring war against Germany?*
- *How did the government ensure the American public's support of the war?*
- *What were the provisions of the Treaty of Versailles?*

**Reminder: please study your Alliances Handout stapled to the back of your**

***CH.14 Cornell Packet. This will be a section on your exam.***